## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (currently amended). A device to synthesize a <u>range of frequencies F1-F2</u> frequency f1-F2 with high spectral purity, comprising:
- a synthesizer with a variable step <u>range of frequencies F3-F4</u> F3 → F4, having a eomprising at least one variable rank divider Nb located after said synthesizer; and
- a frequency control device delivering <u>a</u> the division rank command of the variable rank divider, <u>a</u> the command of the frequency of the variable-step synthesizer, <u>and a</u> the command of <u>a</u> the synthesis step of the variable-step synthesizer.

wherein the variable-step synthesizer is a fractional step phase-locked loop synthesizer.

2. (previously presented). The device according to claim 1 comprising a filtering device positioned after the variable-rank device Nb.

Claim 3 (cancelled).

- 4. (currently amended). The device according to claim 1 wherein the variable-rank divider Nb is a value from takes the values N1 to Np, the these values N1 to Np follow following an arithmetic progression, and wherein the maximum frequency of the synthesizer is given by F4=N1\*F2 where N1 is the smallest value of the sequence of values N1 to Np and the frequency F3 is a function of N2.
- 5. (previously presented). The device according to claim 4 wherein the value of the frequency F3 is substantially equal to or slightly lower than (N1/N2)\*F4.

- 6. (currently amended). The device according to claim 1 wherein the variable-rank divider Nb is a value from takes the values N1 to Np, the these values N1 to Np following a non-arithmetic progression.
- 7. (currently amended). The device according to claim 6 wherein F3 is substantially equal to or smaller than a F4 where a is the smallest value obtained in dividing two consecutive values elements one after the other.
- 8. (previously presented). The device according to claim 6 wherein the highest division rank Nb is chosen.
- 9. (currently amended). The device according to claim 1 comprising a mixer receiving an the output signal from a the fractional step synthesizer and a mixing signal.
- 10. (currently amended). A The method of synthesizing to synthesize a range of frequencies F1-F2 frequency F1 $\rightarrow$ F2 with high spectral purity using a variable-step range of frequencies F3-F4 synthesizer F3 $\rightarrow$ F4, comprising:

at least one step in which transmitting the output signal of the variable-step synthesizer is transmitted to a multiple-rank divider Nb [[Np]], and;

wherein modifying a the division rank, a the synthesis step of the synthesizer and a the frequency of the variable-step synthesizer are modified responsive to receipt of the output signal.

- 11. (previously presented). The method according to claim 10 wherein the values Nb vary according to an arithmetic sequence N1...Np and wherein the frequency F4 is determined by N1\*F2 and the frequency F3 is a function of N2.
- 12. (previously presented). The method according to claim 11 wherein the value of the frequency F3 is chosen to be substantially equal to or slightly below (N1/N2)\*F4.
- 13. (currently amended). The method according to claim 10 wherein the <u>value</u> values Nb <u>varies</u> vary according to a non-arithmetic sequence and wherein two consecutive values of the

sequence are divided.

- 14. (currently amended). The method according to claim 13 wherein F3 is substantially equal to or smaller than a F4 where a is the smallest value obtained in dividing two consecutive values elements of the sequence.
- 15. (previously presented). The method according to claim 14 wherein the highest division rank Nb is chosen.
- 16. (currently amended). The method according to claim 10, wherein the modification of the commands of the division rank divider and the synthesis step variable step synthesizer is simultaneous.
- 17. (currently amended). The method according to <u>claim 1</u>, one of the above claims wherein <u>a</u> the ratio of <u>a</u> the reference frequency to the frequency step, is a least common multiple Fref/ $\Delta F$ , is the LCM of the sequence N1...Np.